BLAST N' VAC® SYSTEM

BNVI-205

OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.0	SET-UP PROCEDURE	1
2.0	OPERATING PROCEDURE	2
2.1	START-UP	2
2.2	ROUTINE INTERMITTENT SHUTDOWN	2
2.3	SHUTDOWN FOR RELOADING ABRASIVE	3
2.4	FINAL SHUTDOWN	3
2.5	MISCELLANEOUS	3
3.0	MAINTENANCE	4
3.1	DAILY MAINTENANCE	4
3.2	WEEKLY MAINTENANCE	5
3.3	MONTHLY MAINTENANCE OR 200 HOURS OF OPERATION	5
3.4	REPLACING THE DIAPHRAGM	5
3.5	CHECKING OR REPLACING THE METERING TUBE	5
4.0	TROUBLESHOOTING	6
4.1	PROBLEM-POOR PRODUCTION	6
4.2	PROBLEM-PULSATING OR SURGING GRIT FROM NOZZLE	.6
4.3	PROBLEM-NO FLOW OF COMPRESSED AIR OR GRIT	6
4.4	PROBLEM-FLOW OF AIR THROUGH THE NOZZLE, BUT LITTLE OR NO FLOW	
	OF GRIT	7
4.5	PROBLEM-UNABLE TO STOP THE FLOW OF COMPRESSED AIR	8
4.6	PROBLEM-GRIT SURGING FROM NOZZLE WHEN POT IS PRESSURIZED AND	
	CONTROL HANDLE NOT DEPRESSED	8
4.7	PROBLEM-PREMATURE WEAR OF TEE UNDER SURE-FLO GRIT VALVE	9
4.8	PROBLEM-WHEN OPERATOR'S HANDLE IS FIRST DEPRESSED GRIT AND AIR ARE	
	NORMAL, BUT AFTER START TIME, GRIT FLOW GRADUALLY STOPS,	
	LEAVING ONLY AIR FLOW	9
	LEAVING UNLY AIR FLOW	9

REFERENCE DIAGRAMS & FIGURES

DIA	1	BNVI-205 SYSTEM CONFIGURATION DIAGRAM	10
FIG	1	SUPERBLAST WITH MANUAL CONTROLS	12
FIG	2	SUPERBLAST WITH SAF-STOP II, 780 SERIES PNEUMATIC REMOTE	
		CONTROLS INSTALLED	12
FIG	3	SYSTEM VALVE REFERENCE GUIDE	13
FIG	4	AUTOMATIC HIGH PERFORMANCE SURE-FLO (INTERNAL PARTS)	14
FIG	5	AUTOMATIC SURE-FLO (SPRING AND DIAPHRAGM ASSEMBLY)	14
FIG	6	AIR FLOW IN BLAST POT ILLUSTRATION	15
FIG	7	BNV-3 WORKHEAD COMPONENTS	16
FIG	8	BNV-3 BRUSH SET USE GUIDE	17
FIG	9	BNV-4/ BNV-6 WORKHEAD COMPONENTS	19
FIG	10	BNV-4/ BNV-6 WORKHEAD PARTS BREAKDOWN	20
FIG	11	PRESSURE REGULATOR PARTS BREAKDOWN	21
FIG	12	AQUAMATIC DIAPHRAGM VALVE PARTS BREAKDOWN	22
FIG	13	VACUTRANS PARTS BREAKDOWN	23

In addition to the *Blast N' Vac*[®] System, you will need two items to begin operation . . . the blasting abrasive of your choice and a compressed air supply with a minimum $1\frac{1}{4}$ " ID air supply line. To operate the system at conventional 100 psi blast pressures, you will need to provide a minimum of 200 cfm of compressed air.

1.0 SET-UP PROCEDURE (reference figures 1, 2 & 3)

- a. Unpack and lay out for identification all loose parts. System containers are often used as packing, so be sure to check inside each for loose parts.
- b. Pneumatic remote controls with dual lines (fig 2, item 24) are supplied with system. Fittings on one end are already connected to remote control switch. Connect the other ends to the proper fittings on the system's control panel.
- c. Connect the blast line to the fitting (fig 1, item 8) on the bottom of the blast machine. Be sure to secure with a safety wire.
- d. Connect the 3" x 50 ft. vacuum hose from the recovery hopper to the workhead.
- e. Install an air coupling (not supplied) to the compressed air inlet point for the system (1¹/₄" pipe nipple). Do not use a coupling that restricts air flow.
- f. Connect the air line from the compressor to the air coupling just installed on the system. Keep length as short as possible. For optimum blasting productivity, use an air line at least three times the I.D. of the nozzle orifice. 1¹/₄" 1.D. or larger hose is generally used.
- g. Hook-up the 2" and 3" vacuum lines to container lids as in system configuration diagram 1 or 2. These are color coded for your convenience.
- h. Close $Vacutrans^{(R)}$ air supply valve (Fig 3, item 29).
- i. Close Blast Pot air supply valve (Fig 3, item 17).
- j. Close exhaust valve (Fig 3, item 18).
- k. Open choke valve (Fig 3, item 4).
- 1. Close Sure-Flo grit valve on bottom of blast pot (Fig 3, item 28) by rotating "T" handle clockwise. Open pressure regulator (Fig 3, item 30) by turning fully clockwise.
- m. Fill water bath container to 1/3 level (bottom of standpipe should be submerged in the water).
- n. Re-set lid on water bath and be sure lids on both it and the material recovery container are sitting securely on gasket material and that moisture barrier inside drum is positioned properly on its hanging brackets.
- o. Lay out vacuum and blast hoses WITH ATTENTION TO MINIMIZING BENDS.
- p. Thread blast nozzle into holder on end of blast hose.
- q. Thread workhead onto same holder on end of the blast hose. Thread until snug then back off one full turn. This allows the workhead to swivel, minimizing operator fatigue.
- r. Clamp 3" vacuum hose onto vacuum port of workhead.

- s. Be sure workhead center tube (attached over end of blast nozzle in BNV-3 tool and set into tool body on BNV-4) and brushes (one in BNV-4 and two in all other workheads) are installed. NEVER USE BNV-3, SUPER-FIVE, BNV-5 OR RIGHT ANGLE WORKHEADS WITHOUT THE DOUBLE BRUSH ARRANGEMENT.
- t. Fill the blast pot with <u>dry</u> grit through the large 6" opening in the top. Do not overfill. BNV system grit capacity is 3.5 cubic feet.
- u. Make sure the operator is equipped with recommended protective equipment including EYE and HEARING PROTECTION. NIOSH requires the use of an air-fed hood, remote controls, canvas jacket, pants and leather gloves. It is recommended that the air-fed hood be equipped with an air purifier, free air pump and/or CO (carbon monoxide) monitor.

YOU ARE NOW READY TO BEGIN OPERATION

2.0 **OPERATING PROCEDURES** (reference fig 3)

2.1 <u>START - UP</u>

- a. Turn on compressor.
- b. Open *Vacutrans*[®] air supply valve (fig 3, item 29). <u>Always open this valve before the blast pot air</u> supply valve (fig 3, item 17).
- c. Open blast pot air supply valve (fig 3, item 17). Be sure exhaust valve (fig 3, item 18) is closed. Blast pot will pressurize.
- d. Depending on the combination of the coating being removed (if any), the composition of the substrate and the type of abrasive, the pressure of the blast stream may need to be adjusted to suit the needs of the particular job. Removing an epoxy coating from steel and achieving a white metal blast spec with sand would require at least 100 psi, whereas using plastic blast media to remove the same coating from a thin aluminum surface may only need 40 psi. Pressure regulator (fig 3, item 30) should be set full open (clockwise rotation of "T" handle) as described in set-up procedure (section 1.0). This will allow blasting at the full pressure the compressor can supply. To blast at lower pressures, turn "T" handle counter-clockwise while bleeding air out the exhaust valve (fig 3, item 18) or the petcock on the bottom of the moisture trap. The regulator on the *Blast N'Vac*[®] system is a non-relieving type. Clockwise turning of the adjusting screw will increase pressure. Reverse rotation of the adjusting screw will not reduce pressure unless the pressure is "bled off".
- e. Grab *Blast N'Vac*[®] workhead and put in contact with surface to be blasted. Close remote control switch and blasting will begin. Initially no abrasive will come from blast nozzle since the grit valve (fig 3, item 28) was closed in the set-up procedure (section 1.0). Have a second person adjust this valve out (counter-clockwise rotation of "T" handle) until abrasive flow is visibly doing the proper amount of work. From the point of first noticing abrasive flow, it will take only 5-6- full turns of "T" handle to fully open valve. Past that point, the handle will still turn but will have no effect on abrasive flow.
- f. Remote control switch must be constantly depressed to continue blasting.
- g. Brushes on end of workhead must be kept in constant contact with surface to achieve full vacuum recovery and control of abrasive and dust.

2.2 <u>ROUTINE INTERMITTENT SHUTDOWN</u> - Simply release remote control switch and blasting will stop. Vacuum runs constantly, remote switch controls blasting only. Depending on hose lengths there is a slight delay in actual start-up and shutdown of abrasive flow when actuating the switch. Keep head in contact with surface while delay is taking place.

2.3 SHUTDOWN FOR RELOADING ABRASIVE

- a. Release remote control switch.
- b. Close blast pot air supply valve (fig 3, item 17).
- c. Close *Vacutrans*[®] air supply valve (fig 3, item 29).
- d. Open blast pot exhaust valve (fig 3, item 18).
- e. Fill blast pot through hopper dump valve.
- f. Open *Vacutrans*[®] air supply valve (fig 3, item 29), close exhaust valve (fig 3, item 18) and open blast pot air supply valve (fig 3, item 17). You are now ready to begin blasting again.

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- g. During this shutdown is a good time to check brushes and center tube in workhead for wear and replacement. Replace brushes when excessive abrasive loss or wear is noted. Check center tube for wear each time brushes are replaced and change it when end begins to flare. Also periodically check water level in water bath dust filter as water loss will occur over time.
- 2.4 <u>FINAL SHUTDOWN</u> If possible, schedule final shutdown to coincide with the blast pot being empty of abrasive.
 - a. Proceed as in 2.3 a, b, c and d (SHUTDOWN FOR RE-LOADING ABRASIVES).
 - b. Close air supply valve on compressor and shut down according to manufacturer's instructions.
 - c. Bleed off air in supply line from compressor to system by opening exhaust valve (fig 3, item 18) until pressure is released, then close again.
 - d. System is now completely de-pressurized.
- 2.5 MISCELLANEOUS
 - a. The center tubes in all *Blast N'Vac*[®] workheads are high wear items. On the BNV-2.5 & BNV-3 workheads, the center tube slides over the end of the blast nozzle. In the Super-Five & BNV-6, the center tube slides into the body of the workhead and is secured with set screws. These center tubes should be checked on an hourly basis and replaced when they show excessive wear. PROLONGED BLASTING WITH A DETERIORATED CENTER TUBE WILL DESTROY CRITICAL PARTS OF THE WORKHEAD.
 - b. The BNV-6 workhead utilizes a single brush. All other workheads use a two brush setup. As the interior brush nears destruction, be sure to replace it before destroying the outer brush. Brushes should generally be replaced when abrasive loss at the blast point is noticed. DOUBLE BRUSH WORKHEADS MUST ALWAYS HAVE BOTH BRUSHES IN PLACE TO AVOID PREMATURE WORKHEAD DAMAGE.

- c. For optimum operation and abrasive recovery, try to keep the workhead unit as perpendicular to the work surface as possible. With a little practice, your technique and efficiency will improve by the hour. ON BNV-3 AVOID PUTTING TOO MUCH FORWARD PRESSURE ON BRUSHES CAUSING THEM TO BEND INTO BLAST AREA AS YOU MOVE.
- d. When moving the system from place to place, be sure all components are secure. RECOVERY HOPPER <u>SHOULD NOT</u> BE ON TOP OF BLAST POT WHEN MOVING RECYCLING MODELS.
- e. Abrasive blasting can produce harmful levels of respirable dust. Accident or improper handling of this equipment can create such dust. Breathing protection is recommended. **EYE and EAR PROTECTION** is strongly recommended during operation.

CAUTION 🔊

When changing workheads on BNV systems, be certain to remember to change to proper center tube. The BNV-3 workhead (no wheels) uses only the specially sized No. 4 nozzle and the center tube slides directly onto the end of the nozzle. The BNV-4 workhead (with wheels) can use the same nozzle but the center tube MUST be removed as the center tube for the Super-Five or BNV-4 workhead slides into the body of the tool and is held in place with set screws. The BNV-5 and Right Angle workheads use no center tubes.

Never turn off air compressor before de-pressurizing the *Blast N'Vac*^(R) system.</sup>

Condensation can occur overnight. Therefore, empty the blast pot of grit at the end of each day. The most efficient method to empty the blast pot is through normal blasting. However, if you want to empty the blast pot quickly, the following should be done:

First, remove the blast nozzle. Close the choke valve (fig 3, item 4) and open the Sure-Flo grit valve (fig 3, item 28). Close the exhaust valve (fig 3, item 18) and open the blast pot air supply valve (fig 3, item 17). Close remote control switch. Grit will be forced out of the blast pot in a dense phase through the blast hose. The pressure regulator can be used to control the velocity of the abrasive stream. When all abrasive is cleared from the blast pot, follow normal shutdown procedure.

Cover blast pot if stored outside to prevent rain from entering pressure vessel.

- 3.0 MAINTENANCE (reference figs 1-5)
- 3.1 DAILY MAINTENANCE (reference figs 1 & 2)
 - a. All rubber washers on nozzle, blasting hose and air line couplings must be properly installed and in good condition.
 - b. Check operator's protective equipment, such as blasting hoods, gloves and protective clothing.
 - c. All couplings must be equipped with safety wires.
 - d. The nozzle (fig 1, item 16) must be tightly secured to nozzle coupling (fig 1, item 15). Do not use the nozzle without a washer. This will cause premature wear to nozzle and coupling.
 - e. Open the drain value on the moisture & oil separator (fig 1, item 11) to remove any accumulation of moisture. Allow unit to bleed a small amount of air during damp conditionsl
 - f. Dual line hose (fig 2, item 24) must be in good operating condition and tightly secured at the operator's control handle and at the blast pot.

g. Purge moisture filter of accumulated matter by depressing drain valve located on bottom of filter bowl. (Filter located on inlet air piping, left side of control panel.) Replace cartridge filter if clogged with debris. Unscrew clear bowl off filter base, then unscrew filter retainer and filter element.

3.2 <u>WEEKLY MAINTENANCE</u> (reference fig 1)

- a. Check the nozzle for wear. A nozzle is considered worn when it wears to half again its original size. A drill bit can be used to measure the nozzle opening. Blasting with a worn nozzle may reduce operating pressure which will reduce blasting speed.
- b. The specially constructed blasting hose should be checked for signs of wear. Replace if any soft spots are found.
- c. Inspect the sealing "O" ring (fig 1, item 1) and sealing plunger (fig 1, item 2) for signs of wear. Replace if worn.
- d. Check all valves for good operating condition.

3.3 MONTHLY MAINTENANCE OR 200 HOURS OF OPERATION (reference figs 3 & 4)

- a. Check metering tube (fig 4, item 2B) in the Sure-Flo grit valve (Fig 3, item 28) for wear or ruptures. In the automatic Sure-Flo grit valve, the tube may be worn if the nozzle does not shut off when the remote control handle is released. Replace if defective.
- b. Check rubber diaphragm (fig 4, item 14B) in the automatic Sure-Flo grit valve to see that it is in good operating condition. Air leaking through or around a diaphragm will escape through the vent hole in the diaphragm cover indicating need for replacement.

3.4 <u>REPLACING THE DIAPHRAGM</u> (reference figs 4 & 5)

Loosen jam nut (fig 4, item 11B) and back spring tensioner (fig 4, item 12B) with handle (fig 4, item 9B) approximately $1\frac{1}{2}$ " from Sure-Flo spring enclosure (fig 4, item 13B). It is not necessary to totally remove tensioner. Remove the six bolts holding the spring enclosure (fig 4, item 13B) to diaphragm cover (fig 4, item 15B). Unscrew plunger (fig 5, item 3C), remove steel washer (Fig 5, item 4C) and the spring and diaphragm assembly (fig 5, item 7C). After replacing old diaphragm with a new one, re-install steel washer (fig 5, item 4C), rubber washer (fig 5, item 5C) and plunger (fig 5, item 3C). Be sure washers are centered on spring retaining nut prior to tightening. Reassemble spring enclosure in reverse order.

IMPORTANT: NEVER DISASSEMBLE SPRING ASSEMBLY. The spring assembly is under compression. Removing components could cause injury. Replacement requires purchase of a complete assembly (P/N 290296).

3.5 <u>CHECKING OR REPLACING METERING TUBE</u> (reference fig 4)

Pot should be empty. Shut off main air valve and de-pressurize blast pot. Disconnect blast hose from tank coupling. Disconnect flexible choke line hose assembly from Sure-Flo (fig 1, item 6). Disconnect ¹/₄" air control hose from adapter (fig 4, item 18B) on Sure-Flo diaphragm cover (fig 4, item 15B). Back jam nut (fig 4, item 11B) spring tensioner (fig 4, item 12B) and handle assembly (fig 4, Item 9B) out from spring enclosure (fig 4, item 13B) approximately 1½". It is not necessary to remove completely from the Sure-Flo. Remove four carriage bolts holding lower flange (fig 4, item 17B) to body (fig 4, item 4B). Remove lower flange back bolt (fig 4, item 3B) to relieve pressure on the metering tube (fig 4, item 2B). Remove old tube and install new metering tube. Reassemble

bottom of Sure-Flo to top flange using four carriage bolts. Thread jam nut, spring tensioner and handle assembly back into Sure-Flo spring enclosure. Completely tighten bolt (fig 4, item 3B).

<u>WARNING:</u> SURE-FLO GRIT VALVE SHOULD NOT BE DISASSEMBLED WHILE THE BLAST POT IS UNDER PRESSURE !

4.0 TROUBLESHOOTING (reference figs 1-5)

4.1 PROBLEM - POOR PRODUCTION

- a. Air pressure is an extremely important factor. In most cases poor production can be traced to lack of air. This is generally caused by the following:
 - 1) The compressor is too small for the nozzle being used.
 - The I.D. size of the air line is too small. Generally 1¹/₄" 1.D. or larger air hose should always be used.
 - 3) Restriction of air caused by improper fittings. As a general rule, the blasting pressure at the nozzle should be approximately 100 psi.
- b. Grit size too small. A general rule to remember: The thicker the material being removed, the coarser or larger the grit particle should be.
- c. Blast finishing a part which is oily or wet the surface must be absolutely dry and free of any oil, grease, water, etc.
- d. Operating with an improper setting at the grit valve if the mixture is either too rich or too lean, it will affect the operator's performance.
- 4.2 <u>PROBLEM</u> <u>PULSATING OR SURGING OF GRIT FROM THE NOZZLE</u> (reference fig 3) Note: When blasting first starts, there will be an initial surge of grit from the nozzle. This is caused by grit accumulated in the blast hose. After a few seconds, normal blasting should resume. If not, check the following:
 - a. Operating with the choke valve (fig 3, item 4) partially closed. This valve must remain open during blasting operations. The choke valve is designed to help in removing most obstructions found in the pressure vessel and grit valve. By closing the choke valve, all the compressed air is forced into the pressure vessel helping to push the obstruction down into the tee at the bottom of the Sure-Flo. Opening the choke valve permits air to flow through the line, pick up the debris or obstruction and carry it out the blast hose to the nozzle.
 - b. Operating with an improper setting at the grit valve. If the grit mixture is too rich it will pulsate. Gradually reduce the flow of grit. Note: The Sure-Flo grit valve only requires ¹/₄ turn to affect the flow of grit and will take approximately 5 full turns to go from fully closed to fully open.
 - c. Operating with damp grit. Grit must be absolutely dry to flow evenly through the Sure-Flo and blast hose. On humid days, or when using an older compressor, it may be required to operate with the moisture separator drain cocked slightly opened. If conditions persist, an air-drying system may need to be employed in line between the compressed air source and the *Blast N'Vac*[®] system.

4.3 <u>PROBLEM</u> - <u>NO FLOW OF COMPRESSED AIR OR GRIT</u> (reference figs I-3)

- a. Clogged nozzle De-pressurize blast pot and remove the nozzle from the coupling and inspect for any foreign material that may be lodged in the orifice opening. **IMPORTANT: DO NOT REMOVE NOZZLE WHEN BLAST POT OR BLAST HOSE IS UNDER PRESSURE.**
- b. CAUTION: If nozzle is blocked, pressure may be present in the blast hose and may present a hazard if the nozzle is removed. Blast pot should be depressurized *first*, and the deadman (remote control valve) actuated *secondly*, to open the abrasive control valve so the pressure will be released from the blast hose into the blast pot. After the blast hose is depressurized, the nozzle may be removed to clear away any obstructions.
- c. Clogged blasting hose. Remove the nozzle *and* washer from the coupling and while someone is **FIRMLY** holding the blasting hose, do the following:
 - 1) Close the Sure-Flo grit valve (fig 3, item 28).
 - 2) Close the exhaust valve (fig 3, item 18).
 - 3) Open the main valve (fig 3, item 17).
 - 4) Depress the remote control handle.

This will force the compressed air through your blasting hose and dislodge packed grit. You may have to disconnect the blasting hose and inspect the tank coupling for any foreign material.

- d. Remote Control Air Check (reference figs 1 & 2)
 - 1) Make sure ¹/₄" petcock (fig 1, item 12) is open.
 - 2) Remove the plug in the ¼" pipe cross under the automatic air valve (fig 2, item 20). When operator's handle is depressed, air should escape (a gauge screwed into this opening should show minimum 60 psi supply). If no air escapes (or if pressure is less than 60 psi) check dual lines and fittings for kinks or leaks. Trace control air through system as follows: Remove black line at handle (fig 2, item 23) air should escape. Re-connect black line and remove yellow line at handle air should escape when handle is depressed. By tracing air flow in this manner back through the blast pot, location of the obstruction or leak can be determined.
 - 3) If control air of adequate pressure is reaching automatic air valve (fig 1, item 20), problem is ruptured diaphragm in this valve. Note: A small volume of air bleeding from the stem of the automatic air valve will be noticed when air control line is pressurized. This bleed is a safety feature which shuts down the system if hoses should be accidentally crimped.
- 4.4 <u>PROBLEM</u> <u>FLOW OF AIR THROUGH THE NOZZLE, BUT LITTLE OR NO FLOW OF GRIT</u> (reference figs 1, 3, 4 & 5)
 - a. Operating with an improper setting at the grit valve (fig 3, item 28). If the mixture is too lean, little or no grit will be supplied to the nozzle.
 - b. Clogged nozzle. Sometimes a clogged nozzle will allow air to pass, but little or no grit. Remove nozzle (fig 1, item 16) from the coupling (fig 1, item 15) and inspect.

IMPORTANT: DO NOT REMOVE NOZZLE WHEN BLAST POT IS UNDER PRESSURE !

- c. Blast pot is empty. Refill with grit.
- d. Contaminated grit grit contaminated with moisture, excess fines, foreign material, large articles can interrupt grit flow. This free flow is necessary for effective blasting.

e. Clogged grit valve

1) Adjust the grit valve (fig 3, item 28) to full open position. While the machine is blasting, close the choke valve (fig 3, item 4) for a few seconds; then open it fully. Doing this three or four times should clear any temporary blockage. Reset the grit valve and continue blasting.

- 2) If step #1 is not successful, de-pressurize the blast pot and back out the fixed bolt (fig 4, item11B) and spring tensioner (fig 4, item 12B) with tee handle at least 2/3". This will relieve all pressure on the metering tube and allow it to open fully. Choke the blast pot as in step #1.
- 3) If step #2 is not successful, de-pressurize the blast pot. Remove the lower flange housing (fig 4, item 17B) from the regulator body. Inspect bottom opening of tank with flashlight. Also check metering tube in Sure-Flo grit valve. Remove foreign material causing blockage. Reassemble bottom half of Sure-Flo with metering tube to top flange. Continue blasting.
- f. Air leaks around Sure-Flo diaphragm assembly when blast pot is pressurized and blasting.
 1) Tighten the six bolts around outside of spring enclosure (fig 4, item 13B). If this fails to stop leaks, proceed to next step.
 - Disassemble spring enclosure, check diaphragm (fig 4, item 14B), tightness of plunger (fig 4, item 5B and fig 5, item 3C), and "O" ring (fig 4, item 6B). Replace any worn part and re-tighten plunger.
 - 3) Plunger frozen in the closed position. Disassemble diaphragm body. Inspect plunger and plunger guide (fig 4, item 5B and fig 4, item 16B), replace if scored or frozen. Note: A new "O" ring (fig 5, item 2C) should be used and light film of white grease applied during re-assembly.
- 4.5 <u>PROBLEM</u> <u>UNABLE TO STOP THE FLOW OF COMPRESSED AIR</u> (reference fig 1) When hand pressure is removed from the remote control switch, the compressed air should stop immediately. if the compressed air does not stop, the problem is in the automatic air valve or operator's control.
 - a. Check for a sticking plunger in the remote control switch. This can be done as follows: Remove the yellow return line just behind the remote control switch. When the handle is depressed, air should flow from the disconnected fitting. When the handle is released, the flow of air should immediately stop. If flow does not stop, disassemble control handle and clean.
 - b. Check that the plunger in the automatic air valve (fig 1, item 20) can move freely. After depressurizing the blast pot and shutting off the compressed air supply, remove the four bolts holding on the automatic air valve cover plate. It should be possible to move the center stem up and down. If stem does not move freely, disassemble and clean.

4.6 <u>PROBLEM</u> - <u>GRIT SURGING FROM NOZZLE WHEN POT IS PRESSURIZED AND CONTROL</u> HANDLE NOT DEPRESSED (reference fig 4 & 5)

- a. Operating with spring tensioner (fig 4, item 12B) and / or bolt(fig 4, item 3B) not fully seated against body. Turn in until fully seated as shown in fig. 4.
- b. Ruptured or worn metering tube (fig 4, item 2B). Disassemble metering tube body. Inspect metering tube and replace if defective.
- Plunger (fig 4, item 5B) frozen in fully open or partially open position. Disassemble diaphragm body.
 Note: A new "O" ring (fig 5, item 2C) should be used and a light film of white grease applied during re-assembly.

4.7 PROBLEM - PREMATURE WEAR OF TEE UNDER SURE-FLO GRIT VALVE

- a. Operation with choke line valve partially closed. The choke line should always be fully open during blasting.
- b. Operating with worn metering tube in Sure-Flo allows air and grit to leak through tube even when not blasting. Replace tube.

4.8 <u>PROBLEM</u> - <u>WHEN OPERATOR'S HANDLE IS FIRST DEPRESSED, GRIT AND AIR ARE</u> <u>NORMAL, BUT AFTER START TIME GRIT FLOW GRADUALLY STOPS</u> <u>LEAVING ONLY AIR FLOW</u> (reference fig 4)

- a. Leak through or around Sure-Flo diaphragm. If air escapes through vent hole in Sure-Flo housing (fig 4, item 15B) the Sure-Flo diaphragm is defective or its connecting hardware is not tightened properly.
- b. Operator not holding remote control switch fully closed during operation.

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BNVI-205 BLAST N' VAC SYSTEM RECYCLING SETUP

DIAGRAM 1



BNVI-205 BLAST N' VAC SYSTEM NON-RECYCLING SETUP

DIAGRAM 2



Figure 1 SUPERBLAST WITH MANUAL CONTROLS





**** YOUR BLAST MACHINE IS EQUIPPED WITH THE 780 SERIES GRIT VALVE AS DEPICTED IN THE DRAWING AT THE RIGHT BOITOM CORNER OF THIS PAGE ****

Parts 1. through 19. same as Figure 1

- 20. 518052 1" Automatic Air Value (SuperBlast 350) 3518062 114" Automatic Air Value (SuperBlast 650, 1050)
- 21. 290371 Control Hose (1/4") w/fittings installed (350) 290373 Control Hose (1/4") w/fittings Installed (650) 290375 Control Hose (14") w/fittings installed (1050)
- 22. 520642 Shut-Off Valve
- 23. B-556 Remote Control Switch Dual Line (See Fig, 8 for parts)
- 24. 521962 Dual Line Hose, 30' w/fittings installed 521882 Dual Line Hose, 50' w/fittings installed 521892 Dual Line Hose, 55' w/fittings installed

- 523872 Rubber "O" Hing-o"
- Sealing Plunger-Coated 6" 2. 625072
- 650242 Pressure Gauge--- 4" NPT 3.
- Air Vaive (brass) with handle--1" NPT (SuperBlast-350) Air Vaive (brass) with handle---1 4" NPT 617442 4. B17457 (SuperBlast-650 and larger)

Replaceable Handle (with right angle stop tab) for 1" Valve 504352

- 505272 Replaceable Handle (with right angle stop tab) for 1 K" Valve 507132 Replaceable Handle (with straight stop tab) for 1" Valve
- 507142 Replaceable Handle (with straight stop tab) for 1 14" Valve Inspection Door Assembly (wedge) **R**.
 - Inspection Door Assembly (clevis) 524152 Door Gasket
- 520922 Flexible Hose Assembly SuperBlast 350 (Prior to 5/1/84) 6. 290318 Flexible Hose Assembly SuperBlast 350 (After to 5/1/84) 521022 Flexible Hose Assembly SuperBlast 650 (Prior to 5/1/84) Flexible Hose Assembly SuperBlast 650 (After 5/1/84) 200319 521062 Flexible Hose Assembly SuperBlast 1050 (Prior to 5/1/84) 200333 Flexible Hose Assembly SuperBlast 1050 (After 5/1/84)
- 7. 645752 14" x 14" x 2" Tee
- Tank Coupling-Aluminum Tank Coupling-Brass 753262 B.
- 753272 E-Z Fill Bag Breaker/Screener, Complete Q 290367
- Bolt with Lock Washer and Nut Qe 652112
- 762972 9h. Too Lega
- 782982 Bottom Loga 9c.
- 9d. 762992 Screen
- 551372 Screw Øa.
- 505062 10.
- Wheel-12" Semi Pneumatic--(SuperBlast-350) Wheel--18" Semi Pneumatic--(SuperBlast-850 and larger) 505072 DF-1 Dry-Flo Manual Drain Separator-1" NPT with built-in 11. 290191
- check (Not supplied with Gauge or Drain Valve) Df-Dry-Flo Manual Drain Separator-1 1/4" NPT with built-in 290192 check (Not supplied with Gauge or Drain Valve.)
- 504562 ADS-1 Automatic Drain Separator-1" NPT (Not supplied with gauge) 504562 ADS-2 Automatic Drain Separator-1%" NPT (Not supplied with with gauge)
- 518252 12.
- Drain Valve---1/4" NPT Blast Hose Coupling 13.
- .. 14. Biast Hose
- •• Nozzle Coupling 15.
- ... Nozzle 16.
- 17. Air Valve (brass) with handle-1" NPT (SuperBlast-350)
 - 517452 Air Valve (brass) with handle-114" NPT (SuperBlast-850 and larger)
 - 504352 Replaceable Handle (with right angle stop tab) for 1" Valve
 - 505272 Replaceable Handle (with right angle stop tab) for 114" Valve
 - 507132 Replaceable Handle (with straight stop tab) for 1" Vaive
 - 507142 Replaceable Handle (with atraight stop tab) for 1 1/2" Valve 517442 Air Valve (brass) with Handle
- 18.
- 504352 Replaceable Handle for 1" Valve





SYSTEM VALVE REFERENCE GUIDE



- 28 GRIT VALVE
- 18 EXHAUST VALVE (DEPRESSURIZATION)
- 17 BLAST POT AIR SUPPLY
- 4 CHOKE VALVE (FOR CLEARING POT OF ABRASIVE OR OBSTRUCTIONS-NORMALLY OPEN)
- 29 VACUTRANS AIR SUPPLY
- 30 PRESSURE REGULATOR





AUTOMATIC HIGH PERFORMANCE SURE-FLO [INTERNAL PARTS]







NON-BLASTING MODE Shaded areas are pressurized

Air flow in a pneumatic remote controlled blaster in both the blasting and non-blasting modes.



Shaded areas are pressurized

BNV-3 WORKHEAD COMPONENTS

FIGURE 7



CONSUMABLE PARTS FOR THIS WORKHEAD INCLUDE THE BRUSHES OUTLINED ON THE FOLLOWING SHEET AND THE B-023 CENTER TUBE. AN INNER BRUSH SHOULD LAST 2-3 HOURS OF BLAST TIME AND THE CENTER TUBE SHOULD LAST 4-6 HOURS. OUTER BRUSH USAGE WILL BE AT A FRACTION OF INNER BRUSH RATES DEPENDING ON OPERATOR.

BNV-3 BRUSH SET USE GUIDE

FIGURE 8

FOR USE ON FLAT SURFACES FOR USE ON OUTSIDE 90° CORNERS FOR USE ON INSIDE 90° CORNERS



B-255 FLAT INNER BRUSH

17









B-250 FLAT OUTER BRUSH B-2705 OUTSIDE CORNER BRUSH SET



B-2605 INSIDE CORNER BRUSH SET

BNV-2.5 WORKHEAD COMPONENTS

FIGURE 9







CONSUMABLE PARTS FOR THIS WORKHEAD INCLUDE THE BRUSHES OUTLINED ON THE FOLLOWING SHEET AND THE B-026 CENTER TUBE. AN INNER BRUSH SHOUD LAST 2-3 HOURS OF BLAST TIME AND THE CENTER TUBE SHOULD LAST 4-6 HOURS. OUTER BRUSH USAGE WILL BE AT A FRACTION OF INNER BRUSH RATES DEPENDING ON OPERATOR.

BNV-4 AND BNV-6 WORKHEAD COMPONENTS

FIGURE 10



PARTS BREAKDOWN

	FIGURE 11
PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
·	
B-100	COMPLETE BODY ASSEMBLY - INCLUDES ALL PARTS ON DIAGRAM EXCEPT B-104 OR B-106 BLAST NOZZLE
B-001	UPPER BODY ASSEMBLY - INCLUDES B-040 BUSHING AND 3 THUMBSCREWS FOR HOLDING CENTER TUBE IN PLACE AND B-030 VACUUM PORT WEAR SLEEVE
B-080	LOWER BODY ASSEMBLY INCLUDING GIMBLE RING AND MISC HARDWARE NOT SHOWN ON DRAWING
B-011	BELLOWS ASSEMBLY INCLUDING TWO CLAMPS
В-006	CENTER TUBE
B-070	BRUSH HEAD WHEEL KIT - INCLUDES WHEEL MOUNT BRACKETS, TENSION SPRINGS, ADJUSTING BOLT, AXLES AND WHEELS
B-280	BRUSH
B-501	BRUSH SPACER
В-030	VACUUM PORT WEAR SLEEVE
В-040	PVC BUSHING - 2" x $1\frac{1}{2}$ "
В-201	NOZZLE HOLDER

CONSUMABLE PARTS ON THIS WORKHEAD INCLUDE THE B-280 BRUSH WHICH SHOULD 2-3 HOURS OF BLAST TIME AND THE B-006 CENTER TUBE WHICH SHOULD LAST ABOUT 4-6 HOURS OF BLAST TIME.

. . .

12

FIGURE

PRESSURE REGULATOR BREAKDOWN

Maximum Pressure 300 PSI-Temp. Range 40° to 120°F

Installation

Before installing, blow out pipe line to remove scale and other foreign matter. This unit has DRYSEAL pipe threads; use pipe compound or tape sparingly to male threads only. Install regulator in pipe line so that air will flow from IN to OUT and as near as possible to equipment being supplied. Connections R and L are normally for gauge use but may be used for outlet purposes. To insure trouble-free performance, a filter should be installed upstream of the regulator.

Adjustment

Clockwise turning of the adjusting screw increases the reduced or regulated pressure. With relievingtype regulators the reduced pressure follows adjustment of the screw, with non-relieving regulators adjustment for lower reduced pressure will not be obtained until the reduced pressure system is "bled'off" or until air flow starts.

Maintenance

If the air supply is kept clean, the regulator should provide long periods of uninterrupted service. Erratic regulator operation or loss of regulation is most always due to dirt in the disc area and cleaning is in order.

Cleaning

Depressurize regulator, remove bottom plug, spring, and disc. Clean parts with denatured alcohol, wipe off seat and blow out body with compressed air. Reassemble parts as a unit and screw into regulator before tightening bottom plug make sure disc is in center hole in body. Should regulator continue to malfunction, obtain repair kit and replace parts indicated below.

INNULE ASSY

IRACH ASSY.

Ę

ASSA

MOUNTING NUT

PLUG CASKE





				TEE	CHEC	DIAP	DISIG	LTOR		CHEC	PANI	PANE
	TER HANDLE	TVIAV	512E	•	۲							7
	REPLACEMENT KIT	TK119A	1/2"	•	۲							
		RK119B	3/4" thru 15"	•	۲							
	REPAIR	RK119Y	1/4" & 3/8"			۲	۲	•				
	KIT	RK119A	1/2"			•	۲	۲				
	RELIEVING	RK1198	3/4" & 1"			۲	۲	۲				
		RK119D	14" & 14"			۲	•	۲				
	REPAIR KIT	RKIISY	1/4" & 3/8"			•	۲	•				
•		RX118A*	1/2"			۲	۲	0				
	NON-	RK1188	3/4" & 1"				۲	ø				
	RELIEVINC	RK118D	11/2" & 11/2"				۲	۲				
	PANEL MOUNT REPLACEMENT KIT	PK16Y	1/4" to 1/2"						0	•	•	•

31		NOTE	NO.	DESCRIPTION		STD.	PART NO.	QTY.	MAT. DES.	1
NINTE	T TONY XY	1. AMERICAN NATIONAL STANDARD TAPER PIPE THREADS (N.P.T.) PER ANSI 82.1-1968.	Γ.	CAST IRO	1" N.P.T.	*	421-A3 * 421-A4		. M1	
		2. VALVES AVAILABLE WITH B.S.P. END		CAST BRAS	S 3/4" N.P.T.	<u> </u>	421-AB3	' [м7	S
z		CONNECTIONS PER BS 21:1973.	$\left - \right $	SEAT	CAST BRASS	+	421-AB4		M7	
U.S		3. ETH. PROP. DENOTES ETHYLENE	2	(SEE ASSEMBLY TOOLS BELOW)	AST STN. STL		421-MS		м3	
Ā		PROPYLENE (MATERIAL).	3	HEX LOCK NUT (1/4-28)	*	NUS-0010	2	M25	-
		4. T.C. DENOTES MATERIAL IS TEFLON COATED.	4	DISC PLATE	STN. STL	+*	421-K	1	M49 M17	
1	1 1 3 1 1 4 2 1 1				BUNA N	*	OR8-024	t	E2	$\left(O\right)$
	TUXUT TUXUT	MANULUL WORKING DECEMPE (D.C.L.)	5	O-RING	ETH. PROP.		ORE-024	1 [E3	1.
1		PER MSS SP88 CLASS, CATEGORY B			VITON	+	ORV-024		E4	4
			6	DISC	ETH. PROP.	+	421-JE	1,1	E3	^N
	.88 .88 .88	SERIES 150 200 250 300			VITON		421-JV		Ε4	
1		421 200 175 165 150	7	DISC HOLDER	BRASS	*	421-H	,	M13]
1	3.69 INCHES		<u> </u>		STN. STL.	+	421-HS		M17	
	MILLIMETERS		8	GASKET	LEAD ALLOY	+	200-GGL	2	M30 M38	1
			-		BUNA N	*	ORB-125		E2	
		SEE SHEET ADIA	9	O-RING	ETH. PROP.		ORE-125	11	E3	J
	PORT "D"	SEE SHEET 421A	-	O-PINC RETAINER	VITON	+	0RV-125	\vdash	E4	
	(11) (3) -1/4 [•] -18 N P T	FOR OPTIONS	10	(SEE ASSEMBLY TOOLS BELOW)	STN. STL.	+	421-GS	1 1	M17	5
_	PORT "C"		11	DIAPHRACH PLATE	BRASS	*	421-D	2	M49	$1 \sim$
			Ë		STN. STL.		421-DS	1	M17	12
		(12)	12	CAP	CAST BRASS	*	421-CB	11	M1 M7	G
N		0	13	HEX HD. CAP SCREW (/4-20 X 7/8) *	SCZ-0004	4	M39	jS.
		(13)	14	DIAPHRAGM	BUNA N/NYLO	N *	421-FB	- 1	D1]
			15	HEX NUT (1/4-20)	VITUN/NOME)	$\frac{1}{*}$	421-FV	4	D2	1
		\bigcirc	1		BUNA N	*	ORB-110TC	<u></u>	EZA	1
		-14	16	O-RING	ETH. PROP.		ORE-110	11	E3	12
			17	SHAFT	VIION	+ *	421-1	1	E4	1_
		-	<u> </u>	REF	AIR PART	S KI	TS	<u> </u>		
1		•		DESCRIPTION	L		PART NO.			1''
				DESCRIPTION	BUNA	N	ETH. PROP.		VITON],
		(15)		DIAPHRAGM & SEALS KI	T 421-R	A	421-RAE	1 .	421-RAV	
		\sim		CONSISTS OF ITEM NOS	. (INCLUD	DES	(INCLUDES	(INCLUDES	
		(16) ASSEMBLY TOOLS	-	3, 5, 6, 8, 9, 14 & 10	421-t	B)	421-18)		421-FV)	-{\}
1		TIEM NO. TOOL NO.		INTERNAL PARTS KIT						
	(2)	(17) $\frac{2}{10}$ $\frac{421-MT}{421-GT}$	c	DISISTS OF STANDARD	*)			i l		
,			1	TEM NOS. 4, 7, 10, 11,	17 421-F	58	421-RBE		421-RBV	E
	(1) 421DV3 (3/4 NPT)			AND APPROPRIATE						
				DIAPHRAGM AND SEALS	(IT-					P
	421DV4 (1" N.P.1.)			NORMALLY CLOSED MODE	a					P
	NORMALLY OPEN (STANDARD		CC	ONSISTS OF STANDARD (*) 421-5		421-RCE		421	10
	NORMALET OF ER (STRADARD	2	ITEN	NOS. 4,7,10,11,23(SEE SHEET	421A)		421NGL		121-AU1	
			-D	IAPHRAGM AND SEALS I	ат - Г					
	"NORMALLY OPEN" (POWER TO CLOSE) - LINE PRESSURE/FLOW AGAINS	T THE VALVE	L		T	Aga	ua Mate	ing	,	1
	SEATING DISC WILL OPEN THE VALVE. CONTROL PRESSURE APPLIED TO				AU	QUAMATIC, INC.			5	
	DIAPHRAGM WILL CLUSE INE VALVE. (CUNIROL PRESSURE SHOULD BE A			ROCKFORD, ILLINOIS					R	
				DIAPHRA	GM VA	LVE (3/4" 8	k 1"	I.P.T.)	R	
	DEWEET				SCALE DRAWN	ATE	DWG. NO.	0.40	REV.	
		3-3-30 (ECH-0095)	L MM]		0	0-42	1-1-01 2			

FIGURE 13

FIGURE 14

ASSEMBLY DETAIL

Your Vacutrans unit has been shipped almost completely assembled. In the box you should have received:

- 1. Qty. 1 Vacutrans body assembly
- 2. Qty. 1 ball valve/gauge assembly
- 3. Qty. 1 camlock set for 2" hose
- 4. Qty. 1 optional mounting stand for Vacutrans

To make your unit operational you must simply thread the camlock hose fitting into the vacuum port, the ball valve/gauge assembly into the Vacutrans body assembly, and attach the optional mounting stand to the unit (if you wish).

